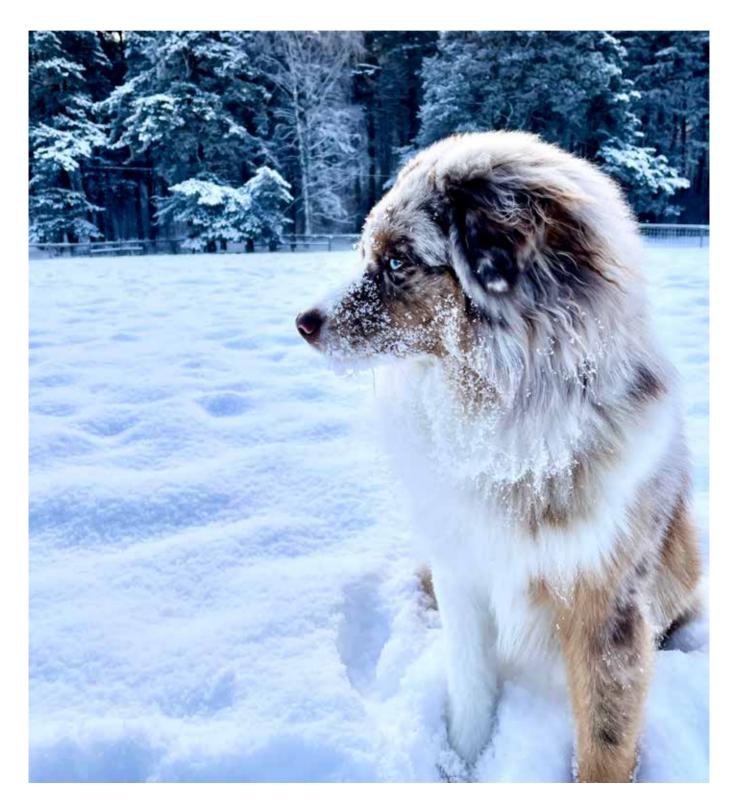
Nordic ETF Trends 2023

Supplement | Distributed with Nordic Fund Selection Journal #02, 2023







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A good year for ETFs, despite investment challenges

O22 was obviously a more challenging investment year than we've seen for a while and some of the key insights and lessons learnt from these more challenging conditions when it comes to ETFs was discussed at our annual ETF roundtable discussion. Just as last year, we decided to travel to Helsinki to host the roundtable with Finland being a country known for the sophisticated use of ETFs by large institutional investors. Our summary from the discussion starts on page 10.

On page 18-19, you find our Q&A with Nordic investors, which share how they are currently using ETFs and what they think is missing from the ETF universe in terms of products and services.

For this issue of Nordic ETF Trends, we've also asked Detlef Glow, head of Lipper EMEA Research at Refinitiv, to share his thoughts on the developments of the ETF industry in Europe. You find his insight on pages 20–21.

It has now been eight years since we gathered ETF providers for our first ETF roundtable and produced the first Nordic ETF Trends supplement and it's a joy every time. If you are interested in what was said in previous years, all back issues of this supplement can be found at fbnw.se.

Enjoy the read and please stay in touch.

Athle Joll

Niklas Tell
Tell Media Group



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NEWS IN BRIEF ETF ROUNDTABLE Tell Media Group gathered representatives from Blackrock, DWS, Invesco, JPMorgan Asset Management and UBS Asset Management to discuss the development of the ETF industry together with Finnish investors. 10 **INVESTOR Q&A** 18 Antti Paitula, OP Asset Management Kristians Mikelsons, Swedbank Robur Fonder Samu Lang, Aktia EXTERNAL INSIGHT: A VIEW ON THE FUTURE OF THE EUROPEAN ETF INDUSTRY by Detlef Glow 20 ABOUT TELL MEDIA GROUP 22

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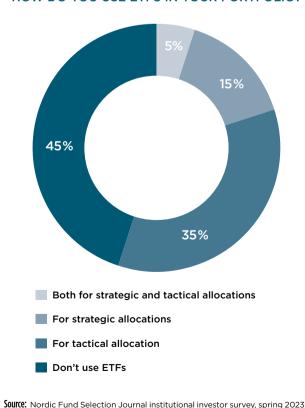




Tactical use of ETFs dominate among Nordic investors

Nordic investors are still predominantly using ETFs for tactical allocations, according to the results of Nordic Fund Selection Journal's survey of institutional investors across the Nordics. While tactical allocations have been the primary use of the vehicle historically, industry providers have observed a trend of greater use of ETFs for strategic allocations. Only about 17 per cent of the Nordic survey respondents are, however, using ETFs for strategic allocations and close to six per cent of investors are using ETFs for both strategic and tactical allocations. On the other hand, about 40 per cent of respondents invest in the vehicle for their tactical allocations. There is also a large share of Nordic investors that don't use ETFs. Close to 40 per cent of the respondents are currently not using ETFs at all. The result is based on input from 20 Nordic investors with total assets of some EUR 453 billion.

HOW DO YOU USE ETFS IN YOUR PORTFOLIO?



EUR 82 billion into ETFs in Europe last year

According to ETFGI, an independent research and consultancy firm covering trends in the global ETFs/ETPs ecosystem, the ETF industry in Europe gathered net inflows of some EUR 82 billion in 2022. That number is the fifth highest on record, following a number of record-breaking years topped by EUR 178.4 billion in 2021. At the end of December 2022 total assets invested in ETFs in Europe amounted to USD 1.3 trillion.

ESG, online distribution channels and active ETFs

Research published by EY in January states that the European ETF industry is expected to report an annual 12 per cent increase in value over the next five years. It further states that total assets under management will reach in excess of USD 3.1 trillion by 2030. The research also says that the main areas of focus for the year ahead will be on ESG progress, increasing the adoption rate of online distribution channels and the development of active ETFs. On ESG, the EY research highlighted that ESG ETFs made up 19 per cent of the European ETF market in 2022 and accounted for 65 per cent of the region's inflows.

Last autumn, the consultancy Cerulli published "The Cerulli Edge-Global Edition" focusing on active ETFs. It said that assets held in active ETFs in Europe have more than doubled since 2018 but that active ETF assets still account for just 1.2 per cent of the European ETF market.

In a statement, Fabrizio Zumbo, director, European asset and wealth management research at Cerulli, said: "There are indications that investors in Europe are starting to look more closely at active ETFs, as they can offer the best of both the passive and the active worlds." He added that some of the biggest names in mutual fund management have entered the European space in the past few years "in a bid to find a more appealing 'differentiation' to their value propositions."



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Sustainability, regulation and fixed income in focus

In February, Tell Media Group, in co-operation with Blackrock, DWS Xtrackers, Invesco, JPMorgan Asset Management and UBS Asset Management, invited Finnish investors to discuss trends within the ETF industry at Hotel Kämp in central Helsinki. Tell Media Group founder Niklas Tell and Nordic Fund Selection Journal editor Caroline Liinanki moderated the discussion.

By: Niklas Tell Photo: Christer Salling

he discussion started with Caroline Liinanki asking the investors at the table how they are currently using ETFs and if this has changed over time.

JONI LESKINEN: "In our multi-asset portfolios, the weight of our own funds are roughly 50 per cent and the rest consists of ETFs. So we use a lot of ETFs and have done so for a long time. The exposure to ETFs has not changed dramatically over the years but how we do it has. Today, we take a more active approach, for example when it comes to index selection and ESG. We're simply more active today in the selection of ETFs we use."

MARKKU LEPPÄLÄ: "My area of expertise is emerging markets within equities and we use ETFs mostly in emerging markets. We need ETFs for both strategical and tactical risk taking. We have a broad exposure to emerging markets via ETFs to track the benchmark and if we want to take a tactical position, for example in Brazil, it's quick and easy to make a switch between ETFs, meaning, selling some of the broad ETF exposure and investing in a Brazil ETF."

MARKO ALARAATIKKA: "In the wealth management at S-Pankki, we manage a lot of customer mandates. We use, of course, a lot of in-house funds but we've seen an increased demand for ETF solutions and we've introduced some model portfolios where we only use ETFs. That has been a change. We've been doing this for little over two years now. Markets have been very tactically driven and that's probably one reason for the increased interest."

MIKAEL LÖFBERG: "We haven't seen any big changes more recently. We still have some 30 per cent of assets invested in ETFs across our different strategies. If I look at what we

did last year, it clearly reflects what the others have already said in that we were more active in our ETFs, so using them to express our tactical views. We use active managers as our core holdings."

FLORIAN CISANA: "I think that when clients are searching for investment solutions to invest in markets, they first decide if they want to invest in an actively or in a passively managed instrument. Clients choose passive solutions because of market efficiency, tactical need of the investment, costs and/or other reasons. The second decision is on how clients access the passive exposure and here ETFs are besides index funds, discretionary portfolios, futures and swaps, one of many solutions. However, ETFs do offer some unique features to clients, such as secondary market liquidity, iNAV, basket disclosure, easy access and more. That's important to some clients and not least when you want to take tactical positions, meaning trading in and out of a market within a short period. As more and more clients get familiar with these added benefits of the ETF wrapper, which is not about active versus passive, we're seeing more and more clients also interested in getting active exposure in an ETF wrapper."

MIKAEL LÖFBERG: "It's easy to agree with that. I like that I can click into my Bloomberg and buy or sell the ETF. It gives satisfaction seeing the trade being executed straight away."

TOBIAS NILSSON: "The ETF has brought a lot of efficiencies to the market – transparency as you mentioned, execution cost and liquidity but also as a benchmark for active performance over time. Now it's providing even more choices as both passive and active strategies are available in the ETF wrapper. It's up to our fund selectors to evaluate but from



a sustainability perspective, we've seen flows favouring active. This year actively-managed ETFs are really taking off and sustainability may be one of the factors, at least in Europe."

NIKLAS TELL: PETER, WHAT ARE YOU SEEING IN TERMS OF PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT WHEN IT COMES TO ETFS?

PETER LIDBLOM: "Let me first go back to the active versus passive discussion and just state that you can be an active investor with passive products. It starts at the asset allocation level so it's not a trade-off between active and passive. Also, what we're seeing is that clients are not only using ETFs for tactical trades but we have a lot of clients running core/satellite portfolios where the core consists of ETFs. There's room for both. When it comes to product development, I think it's difficult to talk about that without talking about ESG. The industry has undergone a lot of change and we're seeing that ESG exposures are becoming more granular. We see more pointed exposure, such as climate transition benchmarks. With an increased supply for investors, we also have a challenge as issuers to educate investors to make sure they fully understand what they're investing in and what they're achieving with regards to ESG. There's more to be done there."

DANIEL ESKILSSON: "I also feel there has been an increased need to rely on a well-diversified product offering during the challenging market conditions we've seen and to be able to offer scale across both equity, fixed income and commodity ETFs. Issuers have realised the necessity to capture and keep the assets within the firm, for example when clients are selling down their liquid ETF equity allocation and moving into commodities, treasuries, or money market funds."

NIKLAS TELL: JONI, YOU SENT ME A CHART BEFORE WE MET HERE OUTLINING THREE DIFFERENT ETFS WITH DIFFERENT AIMS BUT WITH VERY SIMILAR HOLDINGS. COULD YOU TAKE US THROUGH YOUR CONCERNS ON THAT?

PARTICIPANTS

MARKKU LEPPÄLÄ

Portfolio manager at Elo Mutual Pension Insurance Company

MIKAEL LÖFBERG

Chief investment officer at Capman Wealth Services

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Head of Nordic region at DWS Xtrackers

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Senior sales manager at Invesco

TOBIAS NILSSON

Head of ETF distribution Nordic region at JPMorgan AM

FLORIAN CISANA

Head ETF & index fund sales Nordics, France and Middle East at UBS AM

10 NORDIC ETF TRENDS 2023 11



MARKKU LEPPÄLÄ Portfolio manager at Elo Mutual Pension Insurance Company



MIKAEL LÖFBERG Chief investment officer at Capman Wealth Services



JONI LESKINEN
Portfolio manager at Titanium Fund
Management Company

JONI LESKINEN: "I do find it alarming when I find three different ETFs with three different goals – a social fund, a US carbon transition fund and a tech leaders fund – with very similar top holdings. I lose a little bit of confidence when I see things like that. We do a lot of thematic investing and we don't like to see that in our portfolio."

WILHELM SCHAUMAN: "If you think about thematics, and to an extent also ESG strategies, they're typically not standardised. Robotics, for example, could mean a lot of things. You also have to take into account that there are large companies that do a lot of different things and therefore could be found in different strategies. There are also many themes that are interconnected, such as an aging population and health care innovation. I think it's important to not only look at the overlap in the biggest holdings but also the weighting of different holdings and to also look further down in the list of names as these strategies typically would be very diversified."

JONI LESKINEN: "I still think it's crazy to find these overlaps because it's typically always these big tech names that you find. Tesla and Amazon in a social fund has nothing to do with social responsibility. I would like to see product providers doing more independent research to come up with suitable names for these products and not rely too much on big ESG rating houses."

MIKAEL LÖFBERG: "I agree with the points that Joni is making. This is something we've been looking at for a while now as it becomes a portfolio construction issue. If you look at MSCI World and an ESG screened version of that index, you will have a lot of overlaps and you may end up doubling positions. We're looking for research driven indices and we see more of these even if they can be a bit expensive. This challenge is also a reason for why we also to into the active space when it comes to ESG. We need both."

FLORIAN CISANA: "I think it is not uncommon today that the asset management industry construct products for one or two larger investors. As most of the larger investors have different needs and views, there is an increase in the number of slightly different products within the same category, such as light screened ESG investments. I would also like to follow up on what Peter said on product development and ESG. I think it's fair to say that the ETF industry is leading the way when it comes to providing a large variety of ESG strategies and an investor shouldn't disregard ETFs when it comes to ESG investments as ESG ETFs complement the overarching ESG fund offering. The beauty of ESG ETFs is that they replicate indices which are very transparent in the way the ESG methodology is implemented and it makes it simple for investors to understand the investments."

DANIEL ESKILSSON: "What we've seen is that investors are less focused on the absolute level of SFDR classifications due to the uncertainty that has been present lately. In our view, this has changed the perception from some clients on the actual need for specific SFDR classification as long as the product in question fulfils the objective of the client. Specifically, when it comes to the ESG reporting requirements, such as the floor for minimum sustainable investment. If the product still offers an acceptable level, the SFDR classification doesn't play the same role as it did in the past."

TOBIAS NILSSON: "One development is that the market is more mature and can cater to various sustainability needs. If a client wants to achieve meaningful carbon reduction with as little tracking error as possible, there's a strategy for that. It's also fair to say that as a diversified exposure, it will not be a concentrated impact-strategy, but you can find that as well. I think in generally the ETF industry has been beneficial in creating a consensus on defining areas of the market deemed sustainable such as what an ESG-screened benchmark looks like



"If you have an idea and look for that in the market, you will most likely be able to find it"

- Markku Leppälä, Elo Mutual Pension Insurance Company

compared to SRI, Paris Aligned to Carbon Transition. Due diligence is however still necessary. What's clear is that 60 per cent of UCITS ETF flows last year went to ESG strategies and they now account for some 25 per cent of the market."

NIKLAS TELL: IT SOUNDS LIKE YOU NEED BESPOKE INDICES TO MATCH THE ESG NEEDS OF EACH INVESTOR. OR ARE THERE SO MANY PRODUCTS THAT EVERYONE SHOULD BE ABLE TO FIND SOMETHING?

PETER LIDBLOM: "There are a lot of different needs, even across the Nordics, and we need to cater to that. But if you as an investor have very specific needs, maybe you don't need it to be in a fund wrapper – you can do it as a mandate. But as I said, different investors have very specific criteria that they want fulfilled and we need to cater to that."

CAROLINE LIINANKI: SO HOW QUICKLY CAN YOU MAKE ADJUSTMENTS TO AN EXISTING PRODUCT AND WILL YOU DO IT?

TOBIAS NILSSON: "It's a balance. Sustainability will never be static, it will evolve but you need to be confident that there is a demand for it in the broader market. If it's niche, or based on a more subjective framework, it's better as a segregated mandate, even if that means that you miss out on a lot of the benefits of the ETF wrapper."

WILHELM SCHAUMAN: "I disagree a little bit that the ESG needs of investors are so specific that they can't buy standardised products. As Tobias mentioned, we saw that 60 per cent of flows last year went into ESG ETFs and that demand wouldn't be there if these products didn't fit investors' needs. Different investors will obviously have different exclusion lists but I think we have come to a point where many will accept that there are some industry standards when it comes to exclusions."

CAROLINE LIINANKI: MARKKU, WOULD YOU AGREE? ARE YOU ABLE TO FIND WHAT YOU ARE LOOKING FOR IN THE MARKET?

MARKKU LEPPÄLÄ: "If you have an idea and look for that in the market, you will most likely be able to find it. And, as has been mentioned, there's the possibility of doing a bespoke ETF or a mandate if you're unable to find that specific strategy that you're looking for."

NORDIC ETF TRENDS 2023 NORDIC ETF TRENDS 2023

ETF ROUNDTABLE 2023



MARKO ALARAATIKKA Senior portfolio manager at S-Pankki



WILHELM SCHAUMAN
Head of iShares institutional sales in
the Nordic Region at Blackrock



PETER LIDBLOM
Head of Nordic region at DWS
Xtrackers

"If we look at retail investors and smaller family offices, I think they're happy with what's available right now"

– Mikael Löfberg, Capman Wealth Services

MARKO ALARAATIKKA: "We certainly see that the providers have been launching a lot of new strategies – also with a higher tracking error. So we're able to find what we're looking for."

PETER LIDBLOM: "I would like to come back to standards and product development because we've seen a shift over the last 3 to 4 years. The pendulum is swinging back from pure exclusions and the fact that we now have products that are not as tight when it comes to exclusions allows for engagement. You need to stay invested in order to engage with companies and that's ultimately how you can have an impact. Unless we're talking about fixed income because then you're actually financing something."

FLORIAN CISANA: "We're seeing the same trend with the climate transition where investors are not only focused on having a very low carbon portfolio but instead want to stay invested in companies who transition to lower carbon emissions. I would also like to come back to your question, Caroline, on product development and how quickly we can change a product: I think generally speaking time to market of launching and listing an ETF has increased over the last two years as regulatory requirements have increased and processes to approve a new fund take longer."

NIKLAS TELL: AND HOW LONG WOULD IT TAKE TO SET UP A NEW BESPOKE ETF FOR A CLIENT?

FLORIAN CISANA: "That depends but six to nine months to approve the prospectus, launching and listing the ETF is probably a good indication. The preceding step is to agree with the client, the index provider, the portfolio manager, and many other parties on the exact index methodology."

JONI LESKINEN: "It would be interesting to hear from the product providers regarding the feedback you've received from clients regarding the downgrades on a lot of products from Article 9 to Article 8."

TOBIAS NILSSON: "We've had zero per cent downgrades but would still not jump to the conclusion of greenwashing by providers. We have an SFDR framework settling on what Article 9 actually means. However, there is no obstacle in an ETF itself being Article 9. For our active ETFs, we follow the exact same framework and adhere to our standards and interpretation of what that means."

PETER LIDBLOM: "I agree. It wasn't driven by providers but rather a regulatory change that affected everyone."

FLORIAN CISANA: "Yes, our clients did not have an issue with the reclassification of CTB and PAB. Clients who have invested in UBS PAB or CTB ETFs, looked very closely at the index methodology as the strategy is rather complex. Once investors were convinced by the index, they did not change their minds because of SFDR article classifications change."

 $\textbf{TOBIAS NILSSON:} \ \text{`Il think we also need to talk about fixed income now that we}$

have higher interest rates again and for a traditional 60/40 portfolio, of course you want to take ESG into account also that side of the portfolio. It's however more complex on the fixed income side, because you can have bonds dedicated to a specific project or revenue stream that is green, while the company as a whole may not be fully green. You can't make that separation on the equity side. Therefore, investors will need to decide if they're happy to own a bond issuance that is green but where the companies at large might not be. Some think that encouragement of transition is really important, others may not. In any case it raises the need for transparency and accountability for solution providers on their underlying investments."

NIKLAS TELL: WOULD YOU SAY THAT FIXED INCOME IS WHERE PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT NEEDS TO HAPPEN WHEN IT COMES TO ESG AND THAT THE COVERAGE IS OK WHEN IT COMES TO ESG ON THE EQUITY SIDE?

MIKAEL LÖFBERG: "There's obviously a need, at least for bigger and more advanced investors. But if we look at retail investors and smaller family offices, I think they're happy with what's available right now. Also, in Finland it's still mostly an equity discussion right now. But with everyone talking about fixed income, it's of course easy to predict that a lot will happen in that area going forward."

WILHELM SCHAUMAN: "Last year was the first time that fixed income ESG ETFs raised more assets than traditional fixed income ETFs, so there's interest out there. We absolutely see a need for more product development on the fixed income side and we're convinced that things will happen. It's a growing market and looking back, fixed income ETFs held some USD 500 billion back in 2015 and today that number is some USD 1.8 trillion. We forecast global

fixed income ETF AUM will reach USD 5 trillion by 2030, equivalent to 5 per cent of the fixed income market."

PETER LIDBLOM: "It's a natural progression and you should expect to have the same opportunities for the fixed income portfolio as the equity portfolio. Up until recently, there wasn't a need in the market because we had interest rates around zero. Now that has changed and we will absolutely see development also on the fixed income side."

CAROLINE LIINANKI: 2022 WAS OBVIOUSLY A MORE CHALLENGING INVESTMENT YEAR THEN WE'VE SEEN FOR A WHILE. WHAT ARE SOME OF THE KEY INSIGHTS OR LESSONS LEARNED FROM THESE MORE CHALLENGING CONDITIONS WHEN IT COMES TO ETFS?

WILHELM SCHAUMAN: "On the fixed income side, we saw ETF trading picking up as underlying market liquidity deteriorated. Trading in fixed income UCITS ETFs was up 18 per cent compared to 2021. The record volumes traded over 2022, combined with a more developed ETF options trading, underpin the continued development of fixed income ETFs as financial instruments, against the backdrop of a changing macro regime."

FLORIAN CISANA: "I think what we saw last year in terms of fixed income ETF flow was also due to the positive experience with fixed income ETFs in Q2 2020 when market participants started to appreciate the fact that a fixed income ETFs can provide good price information for the underlying basket. One of the lessons learnt in 2022 was on ESG as ESG indices and strategies didn't perform, in relative terms, as they did the years before. That said, 2022 was still a good year for ETFs with net new inflows of some USD 90 billion."















DANIEL ESKILSSON
Senior sales manager at Invesco



TOBIAS NILSSON
Head of ETF distribution Nordic region at JPMorgan AM



FLORIAN CISANA
Head ETF & index fund sales Nordics,
France and Middle East at UBS AM

"One lesson learnt on the equity side was that you really need to know what's inside an FTF"

– Joni Leskinen, Titanium Fund Management Company

TOBIAS NILSSON: "I agree that if 2021 was a stress-test for fixed income ETFs, last year reinforced the accessibility and price discovery in illiquid markets. Perhaps hard to draw conclusions on the lack of diversification between equity and fixed income after such a regime shift, but this year may be more relevant to draw lessons from in respect to that."

JONI LESKINEN: "One lesson learnt on the equity side was that you really need to know what's inside an ETF. One example was thematic ETFs where you had very interesting themes if you only read the headline but these were some of the worst performers."

MIKAEL LÖFBERG: "Yes, you need to look at the underlying holdings and understand the exposure you're getting. I think one lesson for many was that you still need diversification."

NIKLAS TELL: MARKO, YOU MENTIONED EARLIER THAT YOU SEE DEMAND FROM CLIENTS THAT ARE LOOKING FOR ETF PORTFOLIOS. IS THAT A MARKET THAT'S PICKING UP OR ARE ETFS STILL VERY MUCH AN INSTITUTIONAL PRODUCT IN THE FINLAND?

MARKO ALARAATIKKA: "It's not a market that's exploding but we're absolutely seeing growth."

JONI LESKINEN: "I think clients in general have a better understanding of costs, which is beneficial for ETFs. That said, there are still a lot of clients that are happy to pay for active management, so I guess there's room for both to grow."

WILHELM SCHAUMAN: "Finland has traditionally been an institutional market for ETFs. You have a lot of large investors that are very sophisticated in how they use ETFs. We are also seeing growth in the distribution and retail space – especially with younger people being more open to use new platforms and apps to find investments."

NIKLAS TELL: LOOKING AHEAD, WHAT DO YOU SEE AS SOME OF THE KEY TRENDS FOR THIS YEAR?

FLORIAN CISANA: "If we look at investor trends over the last years, we've seen a move from non-ESG to ESG and then to decarbonisation. I think the next step is that investors will add more ESG thematic ETFs which are measurable towards SDGs. At the moment, there are a lot of thematic products out there but the question is if you can measure the impact on specific SDGs."

DANIEL ESKILSSON: "The continued growth and developments of digital platforms through new and existing fintech companies is another trend we see. There's a need for providers to expand digital partnerships and offer the right content and storytelling capabilities for this important and growing client segment."

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Florian Cisana Head of UBS ETFs & Indexing Nordics

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INVESTOR Q&A

Q&A with Nordic investors

Nordic investors share their thoughts about their use of ETFs, ESG-integration considerations and potential problems with the instrument.

By: Niklas Tell



ANTTI PAITULA Responsible for long-only fund research and selection at Finnish OP Asset Management as well as a member of the investment committee, forming the house view on markets and deciding the asset allocation.

HOW ARE YOU CURRENTLY USING ETFS AND HOW HAS THAT CHANGED OVER TIME?

"We use ETFs in a wide range of portfolios. Nowadays, ETFs are very important instruments in our balanced portfolios and in addition, we also manage discretionary portfolios executed only with ETFs."

DO YOU SEE ETFS MAINLY AS A TACTICAL VEHICLE OR A VEHICLE FOR A STRATEGIC ALLOCATION?

"We use ETFs as both strategic and tactical investments. A significant part of the tactical positioning is today built by using ETFs."

HOW DO YOU VIEW THE DEVELOP-MENT OF SUSTAINABLE ETFS AND

IS THERE A DIFFERENCE BETWEEN EQUITY AND FIXED INCOME ETFS IN THIS SPACE?

"The need for ETFs that meet sustainability criteria has grown considerably in a short period of time. This applies to both equity and fixed income ETFs. However, the sustainability criteria are more easily applicable to equity and credit ETFs than to ETFs that invest in government bonds."

IS THERE ANYTHING CURRENTLY MISSING FROM THE ETF UNIVERSE IN TERMS OF PRODUCTS OR SERVICES?

"The number of ETFs has increased very sharply and the problem is rather oversupply. However, the supply of UCITS ETFs is significantly narrower than that of US-listed ETFs and this can be considered a weakness."

WHAT ARE SOME OF THE SHORT-AGES AND PROBLEMS WITH THE USE OF ETFS?

"Too small AUM can often become a problem, even if the ETFs investment strategy itself might be interesting. Certain ETFs are also highly concentrated portfolios and the weight of individual companies can be very dominant in the portfolio. This must be taken into account when choosing an ETF. You also need to be careful when choosing factor ETFs as, for example, the value factor ETF portfolios are very different depending on how the value factor is defined. Related to ESG. it's quite challenging to find SFDR Article 8 and 9 ETFs for different sectors and factors."



KRISTIANS MIKELSONS
Portfolio manager at Swedbank
Robur and responsible for asset
allocation for Latvian pension
portfolios.

HOW ARE YOU CURRENTLY USING ETFS AND HOW HAS THAT CHANGED OVER TIME?

"I run asset allocation for Latvian pension portfolios where an important building block are ETFs. This comes from a strategic decision taken several years ago in Latvia by the pension fund management. We've been increasing the focus on ETFs with sustainability at core in general."

DO YOU SEE ETFS MAINLY AS A TAC-TICAL VEHICLE OR A VEHICLE FOR A STRATEGIC ALLOCATION?

"For my mandates, ETFs are used for both strategical and tactical positions. Most of the ETF holdings are long-term strategic holdings."

HOW DO YOU VIEW THE DEVELOP-MENT OF SUSTAINABLE ETFS AND IS THERE A DIFFERENCE BETWEEN

EQUITY AND FIXED INCOME ETFS IN THIS SPACE?

"ETF providers have put in a lot of work to develop and calibrate their sustainable investment offering to match demand from investors. Asset owners have diverse views on what exactly constitutes sustainable investment and differences in opinion are likely to stay. I see an effort from the ETF providers to find some common denominators that can be attractive for large number of clients but inevitably some compromises are made. The development tends to advance in the equity space with credit following at later stage."

IS THERE ANYTHING CURRENTLY MISSING FROM THE ETF UNIVERSE IN TERMS OF PRODUCTS OR SERVICES?

"The ETF universe is broad already and growing. Product ranges have expanded during the last year as providers experiment with thematic funds, exclusion filters, upscaling of better ESG-rated companies and proper SFDR classifications of their products. I have a constant dialogue with ETF providers about the development in the industry and to discuss ideas that can develop into new products."

WHAT ARE SOME OF THE SHORT-AGES AND PROBLEMS WITH THE USE OF ETFS?

"There has been a proliferation of variations of responsible investment products and labels and it does seem to have created confusion with a variety of concepts available in the market. This makes it important to look carefully under the hood to understand what's offered in the ETF and what's not. On a more technical note, we still don't have consolidated ETF trade reporting 'tape' in the EU like in the US

and traded volumes for ETFs are not public. From an investor perspective, the more transparency the better."



SAMU LANG
Director of portfolio solutions at
Aktia in Finland, responsible for
portfolio analysis, asset allocation
advisory & portfolio construction.

HOW ARE YOU CURRENTLY USING ETFS AND HOW HAS THAT CHANGED OVER TIME?

"In the equity asset class, we use ETFs to implement strategic asset allocation decisions within the global regional framework. We are also using ETFs to implement shorter-term targeted market views as 'satellite' trades complementing the core holdings. These can be country, industry and thematic bets."

DO YOU SEE ETFS MAINLY AS A TACTICAL VEHICLE OR A VEHICLE FOR A STRATEGIC ALLOCATION?

"It depends on the mandate. For a more systematic, really low turnover strategy the 'ease-to-trade-and settle' aspects of ETFs are not that important. Here, active funds or/and regular index funds can be an option. But whenever

implementing market views or more frequent rebalancing of portfolios comes into play, ETFs are the most efficient building blocks, regardless if the decisions are more strategic or tactical in nature."

HOW DO YOU VIEW THE DEVELOP-MENT OF SUSTAINABLE ETFS AND IS THERE A DIFFERENCE BETWEEN EQUITY AND FIXED INCOME ETFS IN THIS SPACE?

"There are a lot of options already and product development is ongoing. The problem is the lack of standards and a populist approach to ESG. When doing a coherent analysis at company or issuer level within the ESG index space, there's still almost always inconsistencies regarding the sustainability features. According to one, something is sustainable and according to another, it's not. In addition, a company that is really sustainable at face value can be doing something bad down the production chain, which is not shown within the index level metrics"

IS THERE ANYTHING CURRENTLY MISSING FROM THE ETF UNIVERSE IN TERMS OF PRODUCTS OR SERVICES?

"Cheap core products within the fixed income asset classes. Fixed income ETFs compared to fixed income active funds or fixed income index funds are much more expensive than similar products in the equity space."

WHAT ARE SOME OF THE SHORT-AGES AND PROBLEMS WITH THE USE OF ETES?

"Taxation of distributions and distribution policies within the US domiciled products makes it difficult for European domiciled investors to use the products."

NORDIC ETF TRENDS 2023

EXTERNAL INSIGHT

A view on the future of the European ETF industry

For those who just want to know the main message, I am expecting the assets under management in the European ETF industry to reach EUR 2.5 billion before 2030. This means I expect the assets under management held in ETFs to double in less than seven years. For those who want to know why, here is my view on the future of the European ETF industry.

By: Detlef Glow, Head of Lipper EMEA Research

irst of all, I expect a wide adoption of ETFs by retail investors from all over Europe, as retail wealth management platforms such as Nutmeg and the so-called neo-broker like Scalable Capital or Trade Republic witness a steady growth of customers. The growth of ETF saving plans from retail investors in Germany via these kinds of platforms might be seen as a blueprint for growth for the rest of Europe. In addition, some ETF promoters such as Vanguard started a direct-to-consumer platform, which enables retail investors to buy their ETFs directly from the respective promoter.

While I expect that retail investors will mainly invest in equity ETFs, I assume that the growth in the bond segment will mainly be fuelled by institutional investors. The current market conditions may hold investors back from buying bond ETFs, but I'm pretty sure that this will change once the bond markets have weathered the storm of increasing interest rates and high inflation.

In light of this, I expect that the European ETF industry will witness a high number of bond ETF launches to meet this demand. Even as some of these new ETFs will be plain vanilla products, the majority of the newly launched bond ETFs will cover specific segments of the bond markets such as single rating segments, convertible or green bonds in various base currencies. In addition, I'm sure that we will see more specialised ETF promoters such as Tabula launch highly sophisticated bond strategies to cater to professional

A possible approval of active ETFs would be a game changer for the whole fund industry ecosystem in Europe"

- Detlef Glow

or institutional investors who want to invest beyond plain vanilla bond strategies.

The continued trend toward sustainable investing will drive the growth of ESG-related ETFs. Following the wave of mutual fund and ETF reclassifications related to their respective sustainable finance disclosure regulation (SFDR) articles in 2022 caused by the publication of more stringent than expected regulatory technical standards (RTS), index providers and ETFs now have clarity on how to structure indices and products to meet the regulatory requirements for Article 8 and 9 products. This means the ETF promoters are now able to develop products that will meet the expectations of all kinds of investors.

Talking about trends in ESG investing leads somewhat naturally to talking about thematic investing since a number of ESG-related themes, such as the hydrogen economy, carbon efficient construction and buildings, electronic vehicles and the respective charging infrastructure, smart grids, alternative energies, solar and/or wind power or water, are investable themes and can be accessed with an ETF.

That said, there are already ETFs available which do cover some of these themes but as we are in an early stage of the transformation to more sustainable economies, I assume there will be much more of these funds available to European investors in the near future. It is already clear that not all of these themes will succeed and that some of them will become obsolete or will be replaced by more advanced technologies,

while others will become successful and may therefore attract high inflows from institutional and retail investors.

Since all the above was about existing trends and products and how they may change the European ETF landscape or drive the growth of the European ETF industry, one may ask oneself whether there is anything new in front of us.

From my point of view, the so-called non-transparent or active ETFs might become the main driver for the growth of the European ETF industry once the regulators in Europe approve the launch of such products. If the approval of non-transparent ETFs is accompanied by a Europe-wide ban of inducements for independent financial advisors and platforms, these products will be a game changer for the fund distribution landscape in Europe. This combination will enable the promoters of mutual funds to distribute their products via a local exchange direct to investors without negotiating distribution agreements with banks, financial advisors, and distribution platforms.

To sum my thesis up, a Europe-wide adoption of ETFs by retail investors will in combination with new fit-for-purpose conventional, as well as ESG-related, bond and equity products be the core drivers for the future growth of the European ETF industry. But a possible approval of active ETFs would be a game changer for the whole fund industry ecosystem in Europe and will make the forecast of a doubling in AUM obsolete. In this case, the growth rate of the AUM might be much higher.

NORDIC ETF TRENDS 2023

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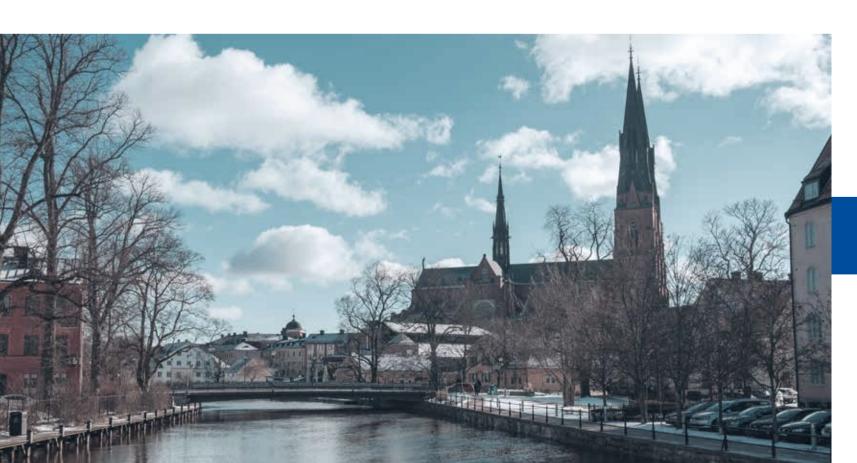
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